



**An Daras Trust**  
 Igniting Curiosity Growing Capabilities

# An Daras Multi Academy Trust

## Finance Policy

The An Daras Multi Academy Trust (ADMAT) Company  
 An Exempt Charity Limited by Guarantee  
 Company Number/08156955

<b>Status: Approved</b>	
Recommended	By External Auditors
Statutory	No
Version	V1
Adopted	12 June 2023
Review	June 2029
<b>Linked Documents</b>	
EFA Academy Financial Handbook – the latest version	
<b>Linked Policies</b>	
An Daras Policies (the latest version as found on An Daras website):	
Anti-Fraud and Corruption Policy (incorporating Gifts and Hospitality)	Procurement and Tendering Policy
Asset Control and Accounting Policy	Reserves Policy
Best Value Statement	Staff Expenses and Purchasing Policy
Business Charge Card Policy	Write Off/Asset Disposal Policy and Procedures
Capitalisation and Depreciation Policy	Whistleblowing Policy
Charging and Remissions Policy	School Support Staff Pay Policy
Governor/Director Allowance Policy	Teachers Pay Policy
Investment Policy	Scheme of Delegation
Lettings Policy	Business Continuity Plan
Pecuniary Interests Policy	Finance Procedure Policy

## Purpose

The purpose of this policy and procedures is to ensure that An Daras Trust maintains and develops systems of financial control which conform to the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management. It is essential that these systems operate properly to meet the requirements of the Academy Trust's Funding Agreement with the Secretary of State for Education.

The Trust must comply with the principles of financial control outlined in the academies guidance published by the Department for Education (DfE). This policy expands on that and provides detailed information on the Trust's accounting procedures. It should be read by all staff involved with financial systems and accountability.

This policy applies to the financial administration across the whole Trust including catering, extended schools provision (childcare) and Early Years.

The policy also covers other finance related policies such as depreciation, *school, companies*, reserves and investments.

## Organisation

The Trust has defined the responsibilities of each person involved in the administration of Trust finances to avoid the duplication or omission of functions and to provide a framework of accountability for Directors and staff.

## Board of Directors

The Directors will manage their affairs in accordance with the high standards detailed in "Guidance on Codes of Practice for Board Members of Public Bodies" and in line with the seven principles of public life:

**Selflessness:** Holders of public office should take decisions solely in terms of the public interest.

**Integrity:** Holders of public office should not place themselves under any financial or other obligation to outside individuals or organisations that might influence them in the performance of their official duties.

**Objectivity:** In carrying out public business, including making public appointments, awarding contracts, or recommending individuals for rewards and benefits, holders of public office should make choices on merits.

**Accountability:** Holders of public office are accountable for their decisions and actions to the public and must submit themselves to whatever scrutiny is appropriate to their office.

**Openness:** Holders of public office should be as open as possible about all decisions and actions that they take. They should give reasons for their decisions and restrict information only when the wider public interest clearly demands.

**Honesty:** Holders of public office have a duty to declare any private interests relating to their public duties and to take steps to resolve any conflicts arising in a way that protects the public interest.

**Leadership:** Holders of public office should exhibit these principles in their own behaviour. They should actively promote and robustly support the principles and be willing to challenge poor behaviour wherever it occurs.

## **Managing the Trust's Finances**

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for administration of the Trust's finances. The main responsibilities of the Board of Directors are prescribed in the Funding Agreement between the Trust and the Secretary of State for Education. The main responsibilities include:

- Agree the long-term financial objectives for the Trust
- Ensure the grant from the ESFA is used for the purposes intended
- Approval of the annual budget and any material changes
- Approval of changes to the personnel establishment
- Ensure a Scheme of Delegation is in place
- Ensure assets are managed
- Ensure accurate accounting records are maintained
- Ensure the budget monitoring statements are a true and accurate record on income and expenditure
- Approval of the annual accounts
- Appointment of Audit committee
- Appointment of auditors

## **Finance, Resources & Staffing Committee (FRS)**

The main responsibilities of the FRS Committee include:

- Initial review and authorisation of the annual budget and any material changes
- Regular monitoring of actual expenditure and income against budget
- Ensuring the annual accounts are produced in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, Charity SORP and the DfE guidance issued to academies
- Recommendation of changes to the personnel establishment
- Reviewing the reports of the Audit Committee on the effectiveness of the financial procedures and controls. These reports must be reported to the Board of Directors.

## **Executive Headteacher/Head teacher**

The Head teachers have overall executive responsibility for their individual school. The Heads retain responsibilities for:

- Approving new staff appointments within the Trust Scheme of Delegation
- Authorising orders and contracts within the approval limits shown in Appendix 1
- Following the scheme of Delegation
- Authorising payments within the approval limits shown in Appendix 1 Financial Scheme of Delegation
- Monitoring regular budget reports with the Chief Financial Officer and acting on any overspends or risks

The Trusts' Accounting Officer and CEO is personally responsible to the Board of Directors for:

- Ensuring regularity and propriety
- Prudent and economic administration
- Avoidance of waste and extravagance
- Efficient and effective use of available resources; and
- The day to day organisation, staffing and management of the Trust

**The Accounting Officer has the duty to take action if the Board of Directors or Chairman is contemplating a course of action, which he or she considers an infringement of propriety or regularity. Objections should be put in writing to the Board of Directors, details sent to the Permanent Secretary and the Trust's external auditors.**

The Accounting Officer may delegate or appoint others to assist in these responsibilities.

### **Chief Financial Officer**

The Chief Financial Officer works in close collaboration with the CEO through whom he or she is responsible to the Board of Directors. The Chief Financial Officer also has direct access to the Finance Committee. The main responsibilities of the Chief Financial Officer are:

- the day to day management of financial issues including the establishment and operation of a suitable accounting system
- the management of the Trust's financial position at a strategic and operational level the maintenance of effective systems of internal control
- ensuring that the annual accounts are properly presented and adequately supported by the underlying books and records of the Trust
- the preparation of monthly management accounts
- authorising Central orders and the award of contracts within the approval limits shown in Appendix 1 Scheme of Delegation
- authorising Central payments within the approval limits shown in Appendix 1 Scheme of Delegation
- ensuring forms and returns are sent to the DfE/EFA in line with their reporting deadlines
- submitting grant applications and reports to all relevant bodies as detailed in the timetable laid out in Appendix 2 Financial Reporting Timetable
- Approval of budgetary changes within the schools in line with Appendix 2
- Review of academies utility providers annually or as contract terms timescale permits.

### **The Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee responsibilities are currently incorporated as a separate Director Committee. This provides Directors with an independent oversight of the Trust's financial affairs. The main duties being to provide the Directors with independent assurance that:

- the financial responsibilities of the Directors are being properly discharged
- resources are being managed in an efficient, economical and effective manner
- sound systems of internal financial control are being maintained
- financial considerations are fully taken into account in reaching decisions

A programme of checks will be agreed with the Board of Directors and an independent audit body appointed by the finance committee with the approval of the Trust board will carry out periodic financial reviews in order to provide the Board of Directors and indirectly the Department for Education with the required assurance.

General areas for review will cover the following:

- Review that bank reconciliations have been carried out each month
- Review of monthly payroll to ensure that any changes have been appropriately authorised and agreed
- Report expenditure and income to the Finance Committee
- Check sample orders to delivery notes and invoices to ensure that the documentation is complete

- and has been appropriately checked and authorised.
- Check of sample payments back to invoices, orders and delivery notes to confirm they are bona fide purchases.
  - Review a sample of expense claims to ensure the appropriate documentation to support the claim and that the claim is appropriately authorised.
  - Review returns to Department for Education to ensure the information supplied is consistent with the underlying records and internal management reports.
  - Review all major contracts and ensure formal tender procedures exist and are being followed.
  - A report of the findings will be provided to the Finance Committee.

The scope of the review will be directly related to the audit management report findings.

### **Other Staff**

Other members of staff, primarily the Finance and Admin Staff at the school offices across the Trust and budget holders such as EHT/Head Teachers/Subject leaders, will have some financial responsibilities and these are detailed in Financial Scheme of Delegation.

All staff are responsible for the security of Trust property, for avoiding loss or damage, for ensuring economy and efficiency in the use of resources and for conformity with the requirements of the Trust's financial procedures.

### **Financial Planning**

The improvement plan of each Academy and An Daras Trust provides the framework for the annual budget for each Academy and Central services. The budget is a detailed statement of the expected resources available to the Trust and the planned use of those resources for the following year and the following two years.

The budgetary process is described in more detail below.

### **Budget Plan**

The Chief Financial Officer is responsible for working with the Head Teachers and others to prepare a budget plan for consideration by the Finance Committee. The Finance Committee and Board of Directors must approve the budget prior to being submitted to the ESFA in line with published deadlines.

The Chief Financial Officer is responsible for establishing a timetable which allows sufficient time for the approval process and ensures that the submission date is met.

The budget will reflect the best estimate of the resources available to the Trust for the forthcoming year and will detail how those resources are to be utilised. There will be a clear link between the Trust Improvement/Strategic Plan objectives and the budgeted utilisation of resources.

The budgetary planning process will incorporate the following elements:

- forecasts of the likely number of students to estimate the amount of DfE grant receivable
- review of other income sources available to assess likely level of receipts
- review of past performance against budgets to promote an understanding of the Trust cost base
- identification of potential efficiency savings review of the main expenditure headings in light of the Trust Improvement Plan objectives and the expected variations in cost e.g. pay increases, inflation and other anticipated changes

## **Balancing the Budget**

For each Academy the comparison of estimated income and expenditure will identify any potential surplus or shortfall in funding. If shortfalls are identified, opportunities to increase income should be explored if necessary and expenditure headings will need to be reviewed for areas where cuts can be made. This may entail prioritising tasks and deferring projects until more funding is available. Plans and budgets will need to be revised until income and expenditure are in balance. If a potential surplus is identified, this may be held back as a contingency or alternatively allocated to areas of need, subject to restrictions on carry-forwards imposed by the ESFA.

## **Finalising the Budget**

Once the different options and scenarios have been considered, the draft budgets should be submitted to the Finance & Strategic Direction Committee and Full Board of Directors for approval.

**The budget should be seen as a working document which may need revising throughout the year as business or educational circumstances change.**

## **Budget Management, Monitoring and Review**

For each school budget monthly reports will be prepared and made available by the Chief Financial Officer. The reports will detail actual income and expenditure against budget.

The Head Teachers may delegate elements of the budget to staff where this is appropriate. These budget holders must operate within the same objectives and controls as those agreed for the Trust as a whole. Delegated budget holders will be provided with sufficient information to enable them to perform adequate monitoring and control. Such budget holders are accountable to the Heads who are responsible for ensuring mechanisms exist to enable such delegated budgets to be monitored and managed. **Any potential overspend against the budget must in the first instance be discussed with the Chief Financial Officer.**

The monitoring process should be effective and timely in highlighting variances in the budget so that differences can be investigated, and action taken where appropriate.

The Finance & Strategic Direction Committee will continually monitor the quality of the financial information presented to ensure that what is provided remains appropriate, particularly in terms of a forecasted budget overspend, it may be appropriate to vire money from another budget or from the contingency. All budget virements must be authorised by the appropriate person detailed in Appendix 1 Scheme of Delegation.